



## NGS RNA First Strand Synthesis Module

Catalog Number: E117-1, E117-2

Table 1. Kit Components and Storage

Kit Component	E117-1 (25 rxn)	E117-2 (100 rxn)	Storage	Stability
Random Primers	25 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L	-20 °C, avoid repeated free-thaw	The product is stable for 12 months when stored as directed.
First Strand Synthesis Reaction Buffer (5 $\times$ )	100 $\mu$ L	400 $\mu$ L		
First Strand Synthesis Enzyme Mix	25 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L		
Nuclease-free Water	250 $\mu$ L	1 mL		

### Product Description

The NGS First Strand Synthesis Module contains the enzymes and buffers required to convert RNA into cDNA using random priming. The fast, user-friendly workflow has minimal hands-on time and is compatible with upstream poly(A) mRNA enrichment and rRNA depletion methods; it is also compatible with downstream 2nd strand cDNA synthesis for RNA-seq workflows.

### Applications

- ❖ cDNA synthesis for RNA library preparation and sequencing.

### Protocol

1. In a nuclease-free 0.2 mL PCR tube, add 10  $\mu$ L of fragmented mRNA and 1  $\mu$ L of Random Primers.
2. Incubate in a preheated thermocycler for 5 minutes at 65°C with heated lid set to 100°C. Hold at 4°C.
3. Spin tube briefly and place on ice.
4. To the fragmented mRNA and Random Primers add:

First Strand Synthesis Reaction Buffer	4 $\mu$ L
First Strand Synthesis Enzyme Mix	1 $\mu$ L
Nuclease-free Water	4 $\mu$ L
Total volumes	20 $\mu$ L
5. Mix by pipetting gently up and down.
6. Incubate the samples in a preheated thermal cycler (with the heated lid set to 100°C):
  - 10 minutes at 25°C
  - 30 minutes at 68°C
  - Hold at 4°C
7. Place the tube on ice.
8. Proceed directly to second strand synthesis using NGS RNA Second Strand Synthesis Module (Cat no. E118).